



Valuation is Essential to Your Success



Business Valuation and Your Financial Future

At ValuSource, we believe there are three key components to effective, coordinated, and integrated business and personal planning:

1. Knowing the value of your business

This report gets you started on determining the value of your business, which is essential to planning its future, and therefore your future.

2. Protecting your business

Business protection plans, including plans for ownership succession, allow you to prepare for the unexpected, and help ensure the future success of your business. Retention and retirement solutions can help both you and your valuable key employees.

3. Protecting your lifestyle

Retirement, income protection, and legacy and estate planning solutions help you and your family maintain your lifestyle.



The Role of Your Financial Advisor

Your professional financial advisor is here to help you implement proper business planning, and to show you processes to keep your business plans current, coordinated, and integrated with your personal planning.



ValuSource: A Proven Leader in Business Valuation

For over thirty years, ValuSource has been a leader in the valuation industry, providing the majority of the data, and over 90% of the software, that is used by thousands of CPAs, valuators, and financial professionals worldwide. Our products are used to train and certify professional valuators, and we are the *exclusive* provider of some of the industry's most important and valuable valuation data.



The Purpose of this Report

The ballpark business valuation provided in this report is intended to act as a catalyst toward protecting your future. You've worked hard, so you want to make sure that your plans and goals can be realized. Because the value of your business is such an integral part of effective planning, the information in this report can be of great assistance in ensuring your success.

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Introduction and Summary



Report Purpose and Scope

This report estimates the current company value of:

Family Restaurant, Inc.

The evaluation considers both the tangible assets and the intangible value or goodwill. Generally accepted valuation methods were used to determine value. Values stated are effective as of September 18, 2019.



Estimated Company Value

A variety of evaluation methods were used to calculate a range of suggested prices. Our single price conclusion is the average of the high and low prices from this suggested range. The estimated company value is:

\$704,000



Business Performance Score

Knowing what your business is worth is important, but even more important (and actionable) is knowing how your business performs in comparison to your best-performing peers. Performance impacts everything, including revenue, profit, growth, *and* value. This report uses the ValuSource Market Comps database of over 40,000 privately owned business sales to calculate your **Business Performance Score**.

Your Business Performance Score was determined by comparing your business to other businesses in your industry that have already sold. If your business is in the upper and healthy range—much like a typical blood pressure test that compares against healthy norms—you're fine. But if not, then you know there's a problem that needs to be addressed.

Regardless, you're better off knowing where you stand. Making a few simple improvements could increase the performance and value of your business—and reduce your stress for a better personal lifestyle.

Your Business Performance Score (on a scale of 1-100) is:

69

Company Value



Definition of Company Value

This report assumes an asset sale and does *not* reflect the stock value of the company. We define *company value* as matching the International Business Brokers Association ® (IBBA ®) definition of *most probable selling price*:

That price for the assets intended for sale which represents the total consideration most likely to be established between a buyer and seller considering compulsion on the part of either buyer or seller, and potential financial, strategic, or non-financial benefits to seller and probable buyers.



Excluded Assets and Liabilities

We have excluded the value of the following:

- Current assets (such as cash, accounts receivable, prepaid expenses, and other liquid assets).
- Real estate (see below).
- Liabilities.

We have assumed the seller would keep the current assets and the real estate, and pay off any debts.



Value of Real Estate and Comparative Market Rent

This report does *not* consider the value of real estate owned by the company. Since owning property is a discretionary decision, comparative market rent is deducted from cash flow to reflect the company's true earning power. Real estate the company owns should be considered an investment asset and added to the estimated business value.



Components of Company Value

We have calculated an *asset value* and an *intangible value*. Taken together they produce the *estimated company value*.

\$138,000 + \$566,000 = \$704,000

Asset Intangible Estimated

Value Value Company

Value

Company Value



Asset Value

The *asset value* represents the current estimated value of the following:

- Inventories for resale or consumption.
- Equipment and vehicles.
- Leasehold improvements.
- Transferable rights and privileges uncontrolled by scarcity.

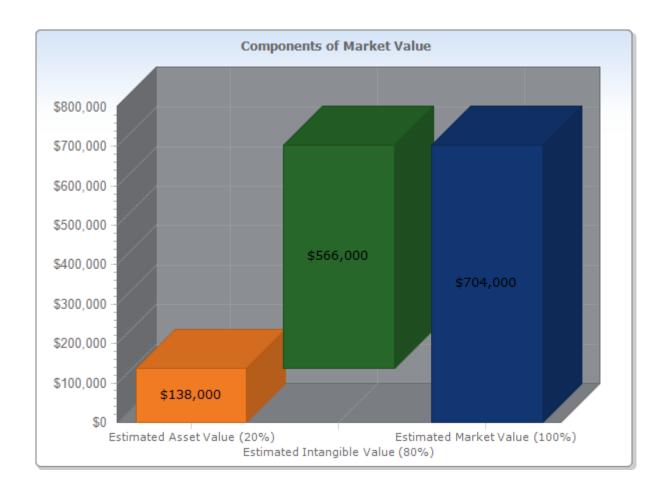


Intangible Value

The *intangible value* represents the current estimated value of the following:

- Establishing a customer base which will continue to trade with this company after being sold.
- Securing a location, designing and constructing a floor plan, and securing and installing equipment.
- Management systems in place and producing cash flow.
- Proprietary rights or limited issue permits.
- Free training and available consulting time.

TOTAL VALUE CAI	CULATION	
Fixtures and Equipment		\$47,000
Leasehold Improvements		\$63,000
Vehicles		\$0
Furniture		\$19,000
License, Patents, and Copyrights		\$0
Stock, Supplies, and Inventory		\$9,200
Other 1		\$0
Other 2		\$0
Total Asset Value - High Value	\$154,370	
Total Asset Value - Low Value	\$122,030	
Total Asset Value - Average Value		\$138,000
Intangible Value		\$566,000
Total Value	_	\$704,000





Overview

A business's value can be divided into five components:

- 1. Company value of assets.
- **2.** Historical trends of revenues, expense, and cash flow.
- **3.** The value of rights, privileges, and knowledge.
- **4.** Estimated stability in the future.
- **5.** Esthetic appeal.

The software that generated this report addresses these five components through a series of questions that define each of these aspects numerically, and uses the results to apply the valuation methods. Each method is described below. Not every method may be used in this report.



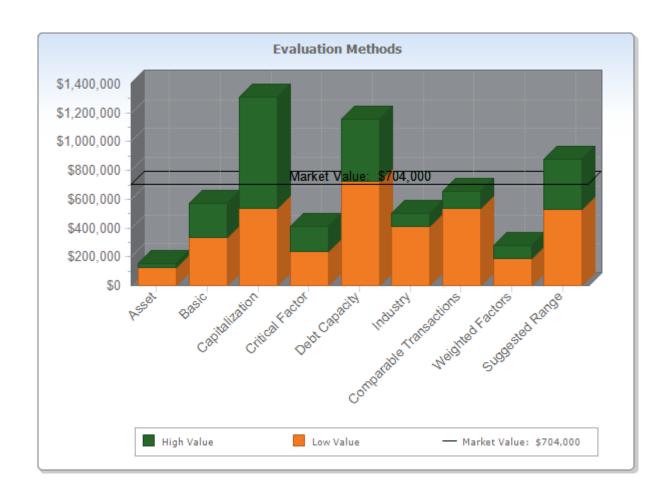
Suggested Pricing

The suggested pricing indicates the highest price a seller could expect and the lowest price a seller should accept. Each of the evaluation methods listed in the table and chart that follow are explained in the body of the report.

Do not be alarmed by a single value that is extremely high or low. Applying multiple evaluation methods compensates for any values produced by a single method.

sugg	ESTED PRICING	
Method	High Value	Low Value
Asset Method	\$154,370	\$122,030
Basic Method	\$572,410	\$331,050
Capitalization	\$1,306,375	\$535,949
Critical Factor	\$408,493	\$236,249
Debt Capacity	\$1,154,091	\$727,393
Industry Method	\$500,000	\$412,700
Comparable Transactions	\$654,860	\$535,794
Weighted Factors	\$281,880	\$187,920
Suggested Range	\$878,821	\$530,619







Asset Value Method

The asset value method represents the estimated worth of all tangible and intangible assets. While an asset's book value (initial cost less the subsequent depreciation) must be considered, book value does not typically equal company value. Company value must consider replacement cost. Instead of purchasing assets by acquiring a business that is for sale, the buyer could gather similar assets and combine them, including all installation, training, and testing costs, into an equivalent business entity.

ASSET VALUE METHOD			
Asset Category	High	Low	
Fixtures and Equipment	\$54,050	\$39,950	
Leasehold Improvements	\$69,300	\$56,700	
Vehicles	\$0	\$0	
Furniture	\$20,900	\$17,100	
License, Patents, and Copyrights	\$0	\$0	
Stock, Supplies, and Inventory	\$10,120	\$8,280	
Other 1	\$0	\$0	
Other 2	\$0	\$0	
Total	\$154,370	\$122,030	



The basic method applies two pricing formulas:

- **1.** Add one year's net cash flow to the value of the assets.
- **2.** Add a multiple of net cash flow to the value of the assets. The multiple is based on the number of months required to start a similar business and bring it to a break-even cash flow position.

BASIC METHOD		
Basic Value Factor	High	Low
Net Cash Flow	\$418,040	\$209,020
Asset Value	\$154,370	\$122,030
Basic Method Value	\$572,410	\$331,050



Capitalization Method

The capitalization method calculates a total investment from discretionary or free cash flow divided by a rate of return. The rate is derived from the cost of money and the level of risk associated with the business.

CAPITALIZATION METHOD		
	High	Low
Return (Cap Rate)	33%	16%
Value	\$1,306,375	\$535,949



Critical Factors Method

The critical factors method considers issues that encourage or discourage a potential buyer:

- Percent of Down Payment: Quantifies how large the down payment is in relationship to the business's postsale cash flows.
- Loan Desirability: Quantifies the buyer's motivation to buy based on status, visual appeal, profitability, risk, and skills required.
- **Lease:** Quantifies if sufficient time is available to repay loans and earn a reasonable return. A lease rate comparable to similar available spaces is applied.
- **Accounts:** Quantifies the number, type, and sustainability of the demand for the product or service.

CRITICAL FACTORS METHOD		
Cash Down	40%	
Loan Desirability	50%	
Lease	45%	
Accounts	100%	
High Value	\$408,493	
Low Value	\$236,249	



The debt capacity method calculates value from cash flow available to service debt. Cash expenses are deducted from cash revenues, then manager's compensation and capital expenditures are deducted to arrive at the available cash flow. Maximum debt service is based on the number of years financed and an interest rate.

DEBT CAPACITY METHOD	
Discretionary Earnings	\$274,500
Less Manager's Compensation	\$50,000
Operating Cash Flow	\$224,500
Less Capital Expenditures	\$15,480
Cash Flow to Service Debt	\$209,020
Interest Rate	7.00%
Fast Pay Out Years	4
Slow Pay Out Years	7
High Value	\$1,154,091
Low Value	\$727,393



The industry method applies a pricing formula developed for the company's industry. Most of these industry rules of thumb are based on a capacity or production volume times a dollar value. Other industries simply use a constant times gross or net revenue.

The formula applied in this report was:

Assets + Net [or] 40% of Gross

IND	USTRY METHOD
High Value	\$500,000
Low Value	\$412,700

Comparable Transactions Method

The comparable transactions method uses the principle of substitution to calculate value. Valuation ratios (such as price-to-revenue) are calculated for transactions involving businesses similar to the one being appraised, and these ratios are then applied to the subject business.

This report uses data from the ValuSource Market Comps (VMC) database. All of the selected transactions are in the same industry as Family Restaurant, Inc. and are also of comparable size as measured by revenue. The two tables at right provide statistics on the selected transactions. See page 31 for a discussion of the VMC data used in this report.

Discretionary Earnings (DE) is defined as earnings before owners' compensation, interest, and income taxes.

The first table on the next page lists percentiles for the two ratios. The lower the percentile, the lower the ratio. The correct ratio to apply falls somewhere along this spectrum. If a business performs above average, then a higher multiple is appropriate. Inversely, if a business performs below average, then a lower multiple should be used.

VALUE STATISTICS FOR SELECTED VMC DATA (\$000)			
	Sales	DE	Price
Low	\$1,191	\$55	\$70
High	\$1,325	\$1,298	\$1,945
Mean	\$1,252	\$292	\$550
Median	\$1,255	\$211	\$550
Standard Deviation	40.84	271.34	297.66
Count	99	85	100

RATIO STATISTICS FOR SELECTED VMC DATA		
	Price to Sales	Price to DE
Low	0.06	0.23
High	1.13	18.46
Mean	0.43	2.87
Median	0.43	2.56
Standard Deviation	0.21	2.63
Coefficient of Variation	0.49	0.92
Count	99	85



RATIO PERCENTILES FOR SELECTED VMC DATA		
Percentile	Price to Sales	Price to DE
10th Percentile	0.17	0.62
20th Percentile	0.24	1.45
30th Percentile	0.27	1.74
40th Percentile	0.35	1.98
50th Percentile	0.43	2.54
60th Percentile	0.49	2.82
70th Percentile	0.53	3.18
80th Percentile	0.57	3.66
90th Percentile	0.67	4.36

The next table shows the ratios that the software used to generate this report would apply from the selected VMC data. The analysis determined that an average multiple was appropriate.

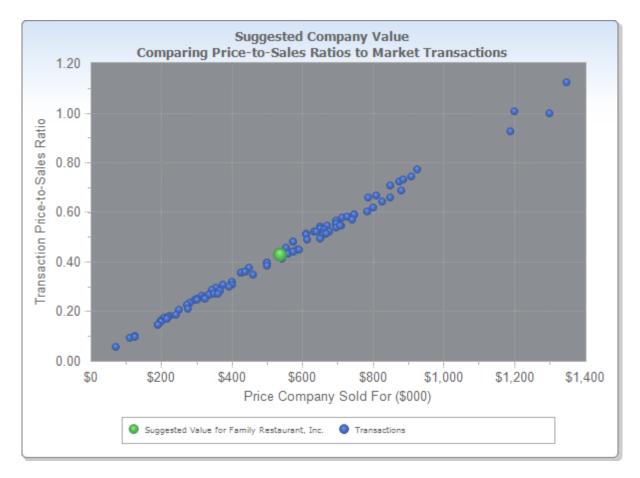
RATIOS APPLIED FROM SELECTED VMC DATA		
Percentile	Price to Sales	Price to DE
25th Low	0.25	1.59
50th Average	0.43	2.54
75th High	0.55	3.29

Since revenue numbers are generally more accurate and less volatile than earnings numbers, and since discretionary earnings are highly influenced by management decisions, we apply a weighted average of the two ratios. The table below details how the ratios were applied and weighted, and the value range calculated.

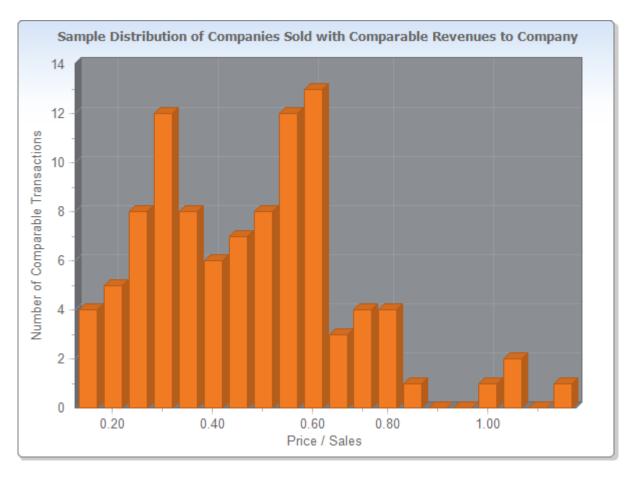
СОМРА	RABLE TRANSA	CTIONS MET	HOD
	Revenue	DE	Weighted
Base	\$1,250,000	\$274,500	
Multiple	0.43	2.56	
Indicated Value	\$537,500	\$702,720	
Weight	65%	35%	
Weighted Value	\$349,375	\$245,952	
Total Value			\$595,327
High Value			\$654,860
Low Value			\$535,794



Key Business Message: Comparing your company's revenue with that of similar companies that have been sold provides a market-based reference for the value of your company.

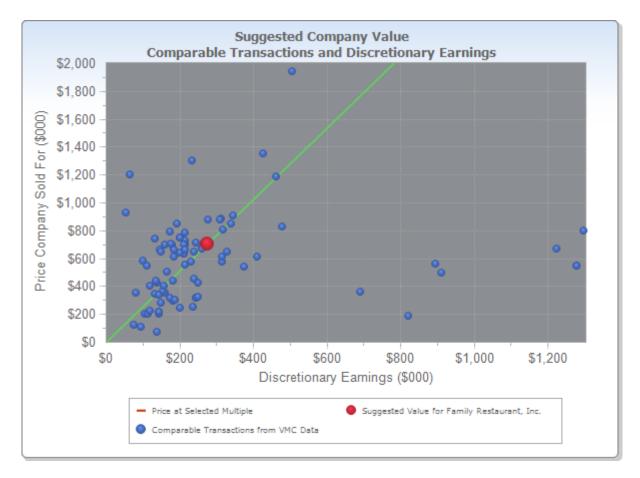


Key Business Message: Comparing your company's ratios with those of similar companies that have been sold provides another market-based reference for the value of your company. This ratio analysis helps accentuate the multiples of revenue for which various companies sell.



Key Business Message:

This chart provides a visual price reference for the number of similar companies in the database which have been priced in the market with comparable ratios. If the suggested price for your company is grouped near the majority of companies, business managers should evaluate how best to move the company into a higher valuation multiple.



Key Business Message: Comparing your company's discretionary earnings to that of similar companies that have been sold provides an additional market-based reference for the value of your company. The greater the earnings power of your company, the more favorable the potential pricing of your company.





Key Business Message:

Comparing your company's discretionary earnings to those of other companies that have been sold in a ratio format provides an additional market-based reference for the value of your company. The greater the earnings power of your company, the more favorable the comparison becomes.





Key Business Message:

This chart provides a visual price reference for the number of similar companies in the database which have been priced in the market with comparable ratios. If the suggested price for your company is grouped near the majority of companies, business managers should evaluate how best to move the company into a higher valuation multiple.



Weighted Factors Method

The weighted factors method bases value on:

- The highest potential value of the assets.
- Discretionary cash flow multiplied by a factor derived from the learning curve for this type of business.
- Current demand for this industry and business.

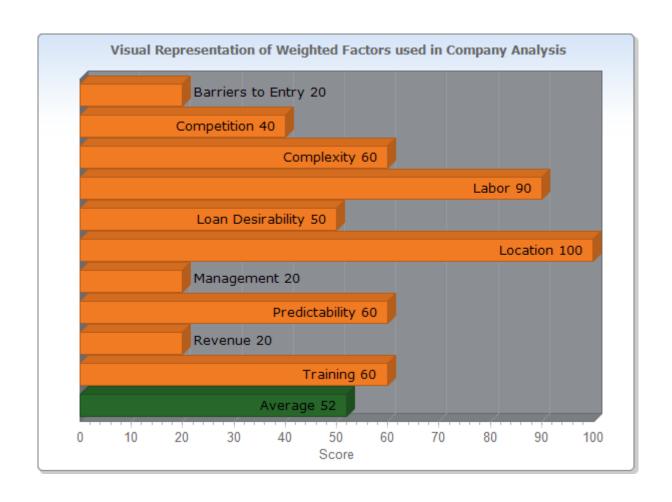
The result estimates the maximum price a buyer would pay for a business at this scale and profitability. Each element discussed below adds or deducts from the target value. The elements are combined into a factor that is applied to cash flows and then added to assets.

- **Barriers to Entry:** The harder it is to start a similar business, the greater the value of the company being evaluated.
- **Competition:** Does market saturation imperil the business?
- **Complexity:** Some businesses are complex and others are simple, even within the same industry. A simple company is more valuable, despite decreasing the barriers to entry.
- **Labor:** How stable is the labor force? Will changes reduce profits under a new owner?
- **Loan Desirability:** How attractive as collateral are the business assets?

- Location: Customers must be able to find and access the business.
- **Management:** How strong is the management system? Will changes in ownership affect the business?
- **Predictability:** How do the company's performance trends compare to local and national economic trends?
- Revenue: Any past and present problems of collecting revenue will probably remain unchanged under new ownership.
- **Training:** How easy is it to transfer the knowledge required to run the business to a new management team?

WEIGHTED FACTORS METHOD					
Cash Flow Target	\$451,730	Management	20		
Barriers to Entry	20	Predictability	60		
Competition	40	Revenue	20		
Complexity	60	Training	60		
Labor	90	Average	52		
Loan Desirability	50	Weighted High	\$281,880		
Location	100	Weighted Low	\$187,920		





Sanity Check



Overview

This sanity check tests the reasonableness of the suggested price by modeling a hypothetical purchase to determine if cash flow from the business will both support the purchase debt and provide a reasonable return on investment. The post-sale cash flow is based on last year's cash flow, less the debt payments to finance the purchase. This becomes the new discretionary cash flow before compensation.



Conclusion

Sanity Check = PASSED

A *hurdle rate* is the level of financial return that a proposed project should meet or exceed to sufficiently compensate the investors for the associated risk. The hurdle rate used in this analysis is 22.00%, which is a default parameter that accounts for typical capital costs and project risk.

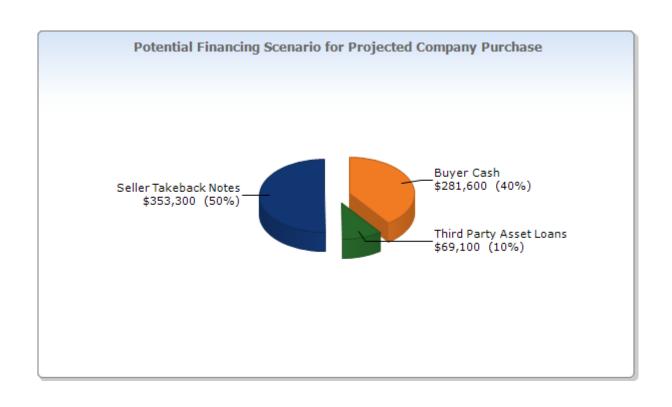
Under the hypothetical terms described here, the financial return has met the hurdle rate. The value estimated in this report seems reasonable. The suggested price passes the sanity check.

HYPOTHETICAL FINANCING						
	Amount	Percent	Term	Interest		
Buyer Cash	\$281,600	40.00%				
Asset Loans	\$69,100	9.82%	10 Years	8.00%		
Seller Notes	\$353,300	50.18%	5 Years	7.00%		
Total Financing	\$704,000	100.00%				
Total Purchase Price	\$704,000	100.00%				

POST-SALE CASH FLOW ASSUMPTIONS	
Pre-Tax Owner Discretionary Income	\$274,500
First Year Income Growth	5.00%
Annual Growth Thereafter	5.00%
Income Tax Rate	30.00%

Sanity Check

PROJECTED RESULTS	
First Year Return on Down Payment	28.21%
Months to Repay Down Payment	4 Years
Annual Return on Purchase Price	14.11%
Years to Pay Total Purchase	7 Years
Price to Earnings	2.56
Price to Earnings (After Management Comp.)	3.14
Price to Revenue	0.56
Price to Assets	5.10
Internal Rate of Return (IRR)	37.68%
Net Present Value	\$210,452
3 Year Return on Investment	92.00%



		PROJECTED AN	NUAL POST-SA	LE CASH FLOW	V	
Year #	Discretionary Earnings	Total Interest	Taxes	Total Principal	Manager's Salary	Cash Flow
1	\$288,225	\$28,152	\$62,272	\$65,858	\$52,500	\$79,443
2	\$302,636	\$23,340	\$67,251	\$70,669	\$55,125	\$86,251
3	\$317,768	\$18,177	\$72,513	\$75,832	\$57,881	\$93,364
4	\$333,656	\$12,636	\$78,073	\$81,373	\$60,775	\$100,799
5	\$350,339	\$6,690	\$83,951	\$87,320	\$63,814	\$108,565
6	\$367,856	\$3,055	\$89,339	\$7,006	\$67,005	\$201,452
7	\$386,249	\$2,473	\$94,026	\$7,587	\$70,355	\$211,808
8	\$405,562	\$1,843	\$98,954	\$8,217	\$73,873	\$222,674
9	\$425,840	\$1,161	\$104,134	\$8,899	\$77,566	\$234,079
10	\$447,132	\$423	\$109,579	\$9,638	\$81,445	\$246,047



PROJECT	ED CUMULATIV	E POST-SALE C	ASH FLOW
Year #	Cash Flow	Manager's Salary	Total
1	\$79,443	\$52,500	\$131,943
2	\$165,694	\$107,625	\$273,319
3	\$259,058	\$165,506	\$424,564
4	\$359,857	\$226,282	\$586,138
5	\$468,421	\$290,096	\$758,517
6	\$669,873	\$357,100	\$1,026,974
7	\$881,681	\$427,455	\$1,309,136
8	\$1,104,355	\$501,328	\$1,605,683
9	\$1,338,434	\$578,895	\$1,917,328
10	\$1,584,481	\$660,339	\$2,244,820







PLEASE READ THE FOLLOWING VERY CAREFULLY!



Tax and Legal Advice for Sale or Transfer of Stock

This report represents the opinions of business professionals relating to the sale and transfer of business assets and values. The evaluation of business assets for a suggested value is extremely subjective but can be accomplished with some degree of rationality because asset value information can be gleaned from the marketplace. However, the sale or transfer of stock (also known as equity) as a method for disposing of a business is considerably more complex because the buyer is assuming liabilities and is subject to a complex set of tax laws.

If you are planning a sale or transfer of stock or an ownership interest in a business, consult with your tax attorney and accountant first. Tax and legal advice must be given by qualified professionals and based on individual cases for the specific fact pattern at issue.



What is Valued in this Report

This business evaluation report and calculation of value assumes an asset sale and does *not* reflect the stock value of the company. ValuSource has not valued the hard assets or the real estate of the company and has relied on third party information sources deemed reliable to determine the value of all assets listed in this report.

Excluded Assets and Liabilities

This report excludes current assets such as cash, accounts receivable, prepaid expenses, and other liquid assets that would normally show up on the company's balance sheet. It also excludes the company's liabilities. This report assumes that the seller would keep the company's current assets and pay off any debts at the time of sale.

Treatment of Real Estate

This report does *not* take into consideration any real estate that the company owns. However, comparative market rent is deducted from the cash flow to reflect the true earning power of the company, since the ownership of real property is discretionary to a business. If the company being valued owns the real estate, it should be considered an investment asset that would be added to the value opinion in this report.





Disclaimer

This is a business evaluation report and *not* a formal appraisal. There are a number of significant differences between evaluations and appraisals. An evaluation is not nearly as rigorous as a formal appraisal, and is designed to give a general guideline or benchmark value rather than a formal determination of value. The formulas used in the various valuation methodologies in this evaluation are based on thousands of evaluations performed over many years by business brokers, business buyers, and business sellers in real world buy/sell situations. The values calculated using these methods, although not considered a formal appraisal, have been shown over time to provide a useful guide for determining business value.



Contingencies and Limiting Conditions

- 1. ValuSource, by reason of performing this business evaluation and preparing this report, is not required to give testimony nor be in attendance in court or any other governmental hearing with reference to matters herein, unless prior arrangements have been made with ValuSource relative to such additional employment.
- 2. ValuSource assumes no responsibility for matters of a legal nature affecting the property valued or the title thereto, nor does ValuSource render any opinion as to the title, which is assumed to be good and marketable. The property is valued as though under responsible

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- ValuSource assumes no responsibility for any environmental problems and has not inspected the property.
- A. This evaluation was based on a specific period of time. Data for this period of time has been collected from several sources. The particular business environment and market may or may not continue in the future; therefore, ValuSource is not making any claims regarding future performance or value of this business. ValuSource assumes no responsibility for errors in data available from external sources.
- **5.** The selection of the use of company value was agreed to by the client. ValuSource assumes no responsibility for the type of value agreed to as opposed to other types of value.
- familiar with the business, and all past and future performance information used in this report has been based on information provided by the client and other sources deemed to be reliable. ValuSource disclaims any ability of any potential purchaser to generate any future income, cost and expense potential, or expectations as may be stated in this report.
- **7.** All information in this report has been provided by our client, most of which is contained in the questionnaire



- section of this report, and is assumed to be reliable. No verification of the information has been done by ValuSource, nor has ValuSource made inspections or on-site visits of the business premises or facilities.
- **8.** Information, estimates and opinions furnished to ValuSource and contained in this report were obtained from sources considered reliable and believed to be true and correct. However, ValuSource is not responsible for the accuracy of such items.
- **9.** Possession of this report or a copy thereof does not carry with it the right of publication. It may not be used for any other purpose, in whole or in part, by anyone except the client for whom the evaluation was prepared without the prior written consent of ValuSource.
- **10.** It is assumed that the reader of this report has at least a basic understanding of accounting and the subject business's industry, terminology, and operations.
- **11.** Other assumptions and limiting conditions are as may be stated in various other sections of this report.
- 12. Warning: No matter how rigorous, business and asset valuations contain an unavoidable degree of subjectivity and can be subject to unpredictable market forces. Markets can and often do behave erratically. Accordingly, ValuSource disclaims any and all warranties express or implied relating to the report contents and valuations described therein, including, without limit, the implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose.

- **13.** This is not a professional business appraisal. If you desire to obtain a full appraisal, please obtain the services of a certified professional appraiser.
- 14. Exculpatory Clause / Assumption of Risk / Release of Liability. As lawful consideration for obtaining, viewing, and or using the information in this report, the reader/user, on its behalf and on behalf of any party who may claim through it, does hereby release from any legal liability, agree not to sue, claim against, attach the property of or prosecute, and further agree to defend, indemnify and hold harmless, ValuSource, and all of its owners, officers, employees, organizations, affiliates, attorneys, agents and assigns for and against claims relating, directly or indirectly, to any accidental, unintentional, or negligent injury or damage to the reader/user or the reader/user's interests, in part or whole caused directly or indirectly by, resulting from, or relating to, this report and or its contents or part thereof. This release shall include without limitation claims for negligence, including negligence per se.
- 15. The use of ValuSource's services, and the reading or use of this report, involves legal, financial, and emotional risks. By reading or using this report, the reader/user agrees that it is cognizant of the risks and dangers, including without limit those inherent in purchases and sales of assets and businesses, speculative investing, providing and relying upon third party valuations, borrowing money, entering into third party contracts, and putting capital and funds at risk, and the reader/user willingly and fully assumes all the legal, emotional, and financial risks as its responsibility. The



- reader/user agrees that this exculpatory clause is valid; that it does not violate any duty to the public; that the nature of the services, the report, and the risks have each been clearly and sufficiently expressed; that this agreement was fairly entered into; and that the exculpatory intentions of ValuSource and the reader/user are expressed in clear and unambiguous language.
- **16.** The Online Business Valuation service is a great first step in understanding the business value but it is not a professional appraisal. A professional valuation is performed based on valuation standards and incorporates a significantly larger scope of work than provided by the Online Business Valuation Service. A professional valuation includes things such as determining the appropriate standard of value, making normalizing adjustments to financial statements. interviewing company management, performing financial statement analysis and benchmarks, analyzing company risk and potential future earnings, determining the most appropriate valuation methods, potentially incorporating discounts for lack of control and lack of marketability or a control premium. Because the significantly larger scope of a professional appraisal, the value you obtain from a professional appraisal could potentially be significantly different than the estimate from the Online Business Valuation report.
- **17. Limitation of Damages.** Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this agreement, if the reader/user brings any action concerning this agreement at law or equity

- against ValuSource or its owners, officers, employees, organizations, affiliates, attorneys, agents, or assigns, no such cause of action shall include a claim, nor may recovery be had, for any punitive, indirect, special, incidental, or consequential damages, including but not limited to, damages for loss of use, loss of time, loss of profits or income, by reader/user or its owners, agents, affiliates, successors or assigns, or any third party, even if ValuSource or its owners, officers, employees, organizations, affiliates, attorneys, agents or assigns are advised of the possibility of such damages. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this agreement, ValuSource's total liability for damages arising directly or indirectly in connection with this report shall in no event exceed one hundred dollars (\$100). Nothing in this section shall operate to limit the amount or theory of damages which are available to ValuSource in connection with this report or any claim arising therefrom, including ValuSource's possible counterclaims in suits concerning this report.
- 18. Changes to the model. ValuSource is working continuously to refine and improve both the model and the data used in preparing this evaluation report. As the model and data change going forward, the results documented in an evaluation report, even using the exact same inputs, could change as a result of modifications to the model and the data. This specific report, generated by the underlying inputs at this particular point in time, must be considered singular and unique. No report generated by this model and data can be expected to be replicable in the future.





Overview

This appendix contains the business sale transaction data from the ValuSource Market Comps (VMC) database used in the comparable transactions method (see page 10). The VMC data is collected from intermediaries, such as business brokers and accountants, who are involved with business sales, and is widely used by business appraisers.

Please Note: All dollar amounts are in thousands. If an item is blank, it was not reported.



Field **Definitions**

SIC

Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) code. Indicates the business's industry. For industry descriptions see: http://www.osha.gov/pls/imis/sicsearch.html

incep.// www.osna.gov/pis/inns/siesearen.

Business Description

A short description of the business.

Sales

Net gross revenues. Reported in thousands.

DE

Discretionary Earnings (DE) is defined as annual earnings before owners' compensation expense, interest, and income taxes. Reported in thousands.

Price

Total consideration reported excluding real estate. Reported in thousands.

■ Price/Sales

Price divided by Sales. The resulting ratio can be used to value the subject business.

Price/DE

Price divided by Discretionary Earnings. The resulting ratio can be used to value the subject business.

State(s)

Postal codes for the state or states where the business operates.



SIC	Business Description	Sales	DE	Price	Price/Sales	Price/DE	State(s)
5812	Seafood	\$1,191	\$185	\$611	0.51	3.30	NV
5812	Restaurant	\$1,191	\$183	\$294	0.25	1.61	TX
5812	Restaurants Specialty Restaurant	\$1,193	\$65	\$1,200	1.01	18.46	МО
5812	Full Service Catering	\$1,197	\$173	\$315	0.26	1.82	CO
5812	Restaurant	\$1,200	\$174	\$788	0.66	4.53	UT
5812	Restaurant	\$1,200	\$340	\$848	0.71	2.49	AZ
5812	Fast Food	\$1,200	\$410	\$610	0.51	1.49	CA
5812	Catering	\$1,200	\$55	\$925	0.77	16.82	TX
5812	Bagel/Deli	\$1,200	\$315	\$575	0.48	1.83	FL
5812	Restaurant	\$1,200	\$150	\$280	0.23	1.87	FL
5812	Bagel/Deli	\$1,200		\$575	0.48		
5812	Restaurant	\$1,200		\$273	0.23		AZ
5812	Restaurants Italian Restaurant	\$1,200	\$427	\$1,350	1.13	3.16	FL
5812	bar/restaurant	\$1,200	\$240	\$650	0.54	2.71	AZ
5812	Restaurant	\$1,200	\$160	\$355	0.30	2.22	AZ
5812	Bar	\$1,200		\$300	0.25		
5812	Mexican Restaurant	\$1,200	\$139	\$425	0.35	3.06	AZ
5812	Diner	\$1,200	\$250	\$425	0.35	1.70	FL
5812	Restaurant	\$1,200	\$94	\$110	0.09	1.17	
5812	Seafood Restaurant	\$1,200	\$240	\$450	0.38	1.88	FL
5812	Restaurants American Restaurant	\$1,209	\$133	\$345	0.29	2.59	FL
5812	Restaurants American Restaurant	\$1,209	\$235	\$250	0.21	1.06	FL
5812	Restaurant	\$1,210		\$209	0.17		FL
5812	Pizza Sitdown	\$1,210	\$211	\$632	0.52	3.00	NY
5812	Pizza	\$1,210	\$277	\$875	0.72	3.16	NY
5812	Restaurant	\$1,211	\$215	\$555	0.46	2.58	МО
5812	American	\$1,213	\$319	\$808	0.67	2.53	CA
5812	Restaurant	\$1,215	\$314	\$887	0.73	2.82	WA
5812	Restaurant	\$1,218	\$329	\$650	0.53	1.98	MO
5812	Full-Service Restaurants	\$1,223	\$107	\$198	0.16	1.85	Nova Scotia
5812	Pizza Restaurant	\$1,223	\$346	\$910	0.74	2.63	SC



SIC	Business Description	Sales	DE	Price	Price/Sales	Price/DE	State(s)
5812	Restaurants Deli Restaurant	\$1,223	\$181	\$438	0.36	2.42	FL
5812	Restaurants Deli Restaurant	\$1,223	\$135	\$438	0.36	3.24	NJ
5812	Restaurants / Bagel Restaurant	\$1,224	\$1,224	\$670	0.55	0.55	FL
5812	American Restaurant	\$1,224		\$375	0.31		FL
5812	Restaurants American Restaurant	\$1,224	\$189	\$300	0.25	1.59	FL
5812	Mexican	\$1,225	\$200	\$638	0.52	3.19	CA
5812	Full-Service Restaurants	\$1,227	\$114	\$200	0.16	1.75	OH
5812	Family Restaurant	\$1,230	\$139	\$70	0.06	0.50	MN
5812	Seafood	\$1,231	\$267	\$713	0.58	2.67	NV
5812	Italian	\$1,231	\$160	\$695	0.56	4.34	NV
5812	Restaurant/ Bar	\$1,240	\$119	\$224	0.18	1.88	SC
5812	Restaurant	\$1,249	\$215	\$728	0.58	3.39	MO
5812	Chinese	\$1,249	\$147	\$663	0.53	4.51	NY
5812	Restaurants Specialty Restaurant	\$1,249		\$335	0.27		MN
5812	Restaurants Specialty Restaurant	\$1,249	\$144	\$335	0.27	2.33	FL
5812	Restaurant		\$505	\$1,945		3.85	СТ
5812	Burgers	\$1,250	\$315	\$613	0.49	1.95	CA
5812	Mexican-Fast Food	\$1,250	\$120	\$400	0.32	3.33	ID
5812	Restaurants Fast Food Franchise	\$1,250		\$220	0.18		MO
5812	Fast Food	\$1,255	\$179	\$696	0.55	3.89	CA
5812	Restaurant	\$1,255	\$214	\$697	0.56	3.26	CA
5812	Restaurant	\$1,256	\$244	\$320	0.25	1.31	Ontario
5812	Full Service Restaurant.	\$1,256	\$244	\$320	0.25	1.31	Ontario
5812	Barbecue Restaurant	\$1,257	\$143	\$215	0.17	1.50	FL
5812	Restr-Barbeque	\$1,258	\$143	\$199	0.16	1.39	FL
5812	Restaurants Barbecue Restaurant	\$1,258	\$143	\$215	0.17	1.50	FL
5812	Specialty Restaurant	\$1,262		\$125	0.10		AZ
5812	Family Restaurant	\$1,265	\$200	\$746	0.59	3.73	TX
5812	Fast Food	\$1,265	\$200	\$746	0.59	3.73	CA
5812	Restaurants Catering	\$1,268		\$500	0.39		GA
5812	Catering	\$1,268	\$167	\$500	0.39	2.99	FL



SIC	Business Description	Sales	DE	Price	Price/Sales	Price/DE	State(s)
5812	Burger King Franchise	\$1,270	\$185	\$659	0.52	3.56	KS
5812	Fast Food	\$1,278	\$111	\$545	0.43	4.91	CA
5812	Restaurant	\$1,278	\$1,278	\$545	0.43	0.43	TX
5812	Food Business Retail / Specialty Bakery	\$1,278	\$1,278	\$545	0.43	0.43	OR
5812	BBQ Restaurant	\$1,279	\$77	\$125	0.10	1.62	KS
5812	Pizza	\$1,282	\$478	\$825	0.64	1.73	IL
5812	Restaurant	\$1,283	\$156	\$365	0.28	2.34	CA
5812	Restaurant	\$1,284	\$311	\$881	0.69	2.83	MO
5812	Pasta Manufacturing	\$1,284	\$462	\$1,190	0.93	2.58	CO
5812	Restaurant	\$1,290	\$213	\$695	0.54	3.26	MO
5812	Restaurants American Restaurant	\$1,290	\$194	\$850	0.66	4.38	FL
5812	Restaurarnt	\$1,291	\$895	\$560	0.43	0.63	FL
5812	BBQ	\$1,296	\$216	\$660	0.51	3.06	
5812	Restaurant/BBQ	\$1,297	\$821	\$190	0.15	0.23	FL
5812	Restaurants / Mexican Restaurant	\$1,298	\$1,298	\$802	0.62	0.62	FL
5812	Fast Food	\$1,298	\$132	\$740	0.57	5.61	WA
5812	Pizza & Subs/Bar Lounge Restaurant	\$1,300	\$910	\$499	0.38	0.55	NH
5812	French	\$1,300	\$214	\$783	0.60	3.66	CA
5812	Seafood	\$1,300	\$245	\$710	0.55	2.90	CA
5812	Fast Food Pizza	\$1,300	\$261	\$675	0.52	2.59	MA
5812	Family Style	\$1,300	\$178	\$707	0.54	3.97	CA
5812	Breakfast/Lunch	\$1,300	\$261	\$667	0.51	2.56	CA
5812	Restaurant w/Cocktails	\$1,300	\$82	\$350	0.27	4.27	FL
5812	Fast food, tacos	\$1,300	\$100	\$585	0.45	5.85	
5812	Diner	\$1,300	\$200	\$242	0.19	1.21	FL
5812	Restaurant	\$1,300	\$158	\$400	0.31	2.53	NC
5812	fast food	\$1,300	\$235	\$1,300	1.00	5.53	AZ
5812	Deli	\$1,300	\$250	\$325	0.25	1.30	FL
5812	Restaurants Pizza Shop	\$1,300		\$575	0.44		IL
5812	Mini Mark	\$1,300	\$230	\$575	0.44	2.50	AZ
5812	Restaurant - Bar B Que	\$1,301		\$391	0.30		NC



SIC	Business Description	Sales	DE	Price	Price/Sales	Price/DE	State(s)
5812	Full Service Restaurant and Bar	\$1,303		\$275	0.21		NM
5812	Pizza Restaurant	\$1,304		\$190	0.15		
5812	Restaurant	\$1,315	\$375	\$543	0.41	1.45	NH
5812	Restaurant	\$1,315	\$150	\$650	0.49	4.33	MO
5812	Restaurant	\$1,318		\$590	0.45		FL
5812	Restaurant	\$1,320		\$459	0.35		FL
5812	Restaurant	\$1,325	\$691	\$360	0.27	0.52	FL

